# **Prevailing Wage Compliance 2021**

#### Introduction - MDOT Oversight/Labor Statutes

Prevailing Wage Components
Contract Documents
Wage Decisions
Wage Rate Interviews
Overtime
Certified Payrolls
Truck Drivers

Adam Strong Prevailing Wage Compliance Specialist (517) 719-7344 stronga1@michigan.gov



1

# **Labor Statutes**

· Davis Bacon & Related Acts

- (DBRA)
- Applies to all Federal-aid construction projects over \$2,000
- "Laborers or mechanics" must be paid at least the "prevailing wage" when working on the "site of work"
- Requires workers to be paid weekly
- Minimum wages incorporated into contract via wage determination
- · Fair Labor Standards Act

(FLSA)

- Federal Minimum Wage: \$7.25 as of July 2009
- Overtime requirements for covered non-exempt employees who work more than 40 hours per week for a covered employer or occupation
- Requires employers maintain basic time and pay records

#### **Labor Statutes**

- Contract Work Hours & Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA)
  - Applies to construction projects in excess of \$100,000
  - Requires all laborers and mechanics employed on covered contracts to be paid time and a half their basic rate of pay for hours worked in excess of 40 in a workweek
- Copeland "Anti-Kickback" Act

(CA)

- Applies to all DBRA contracts and prohibits "kickbacks" of wages
- Regulates payroll deductions
- Requires each certified payroll be accompanied by a statement of compliance.
- Attaches legal penalty to the falsification of certified payroll reports

3

3

# **MDOT Oversight Reminders**

- The term "subcontractor" includes any company with which the prime contractor has entered into a contractual agreement to work on the project.
  - e.g. Pavement sweeping, flagging & concrete pumping
- The Prime Contractor is responsible to submit ALL weekly certified payrolls within a three week "grace period" from the time work is performed.
- Certified payroll must be entered into LCPtracker, certified, and approved by the prime to be considered "received" by the Department. (12SP-107G or 20SP-107D)

# **Prevailing Wage Compliance 2021**

#### **Prevailing Wage Components**

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5

5

# Components

PW is made up of two interchangeable components:

- Base Hourly Rate (BHR)
- Fringe Benefit Value (FB)

The total dollar value of the two components comprise the PW requirement (29 CFR 5.23)

CARP0004-005 06/01/2018

LIVINGSTON (Townships of Brighton, Deerfield, Genoa, Hartland, Oceola & Tyrone), MACOMB, MONROE, OAKLAND, SANILAC, ST. CLAIR AND WAYNE COUNTIES

Rates

Fringes

CARPENTER (Piledriver).....\$ 30.50

27.28

The goal is to ensure compliance with DBRA

6

# **Prevailing Wage**

A contractor may discharge their base hourly rate and fringe benefit obligations by:

- Paying both in cash;
- Making payments or incurring costs for "bona fide" fringe benefits;
- Or, a combination thereof (29 CFR Part 5.31)

Base hourly rate + fringe benefit = Prevailing Wage

7

7

# Examples of 'Bona Fide' Benefits

- Training and Apprentice Programs (29 CFR 5.16)
- Pension Plans; 401k plans (29 CFR 5.26)
- Vacation and Holiday (29 CFR 5.28)
- Health Insurance (29 CFR 5.29)
- Prevailing wage supplemental benefit (SUB) plans
  - Might have to be approved by USDOL

# NOT a 'Bona Fide' Benefit

- Company Trucks (including a gas allowance)
- Paid Lodging
- Tools
- Cell Phones
- Loan Payments
- Uniforms
- · Unemployment/Workers Comp/Social Security

9

9

# Example

Base Hourly Rate Fringe Benefit Prevailing Wage \$22.00 + \$8.00 = \$30.00

The contractor can comply by paying (29 CFR 5.31):

- 1. \$30.00 in wages
- 2. \$22.00 plus, \$5.00 in health insurance benefits, and \$3.00 contributions in a 401k account
- 3. \$19.00 plus \$11.00 in 401k contributions or any other "bona fide" fringe benefit that would have a value of \$11.00

10

# **Apprentices**

- Employee who is individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship or training program with USDOL.
- Apprentice wages are figured according to the Apprentice Agreement registered with USDOL (29 CFR 5.2 and 5.5).
- The published base and fringe wages are to be used when figuring the minimum PW due for the apprentice percentage.
- Contractors must maintain written evidence of apprentice programs and certifications.
- Must be employed within allowable ratio to journeyman.

11

11

# On-the-Job Training Program (OJT)

- Equal opportunity training program for women, minorities, and disadvantaged persons in construction trades.
- Overseen my MDOT Office of Business Development
- Guidelines and compensation requirements in Special Provision 12SP-108C (2020 Spec Book Section 102.18)
- OJTs are strongly suggested to be enrolled in DOL apprentice programs where available.
  - If enrolled the apprentice requirements become controlling.

# Minimum PW

#### Apprentice/OJT

BHR + Fringe = Total Package \$22.00 \$8.00 \$30.00

Minimum PW due an Apprentice at 50%

BHR + Fringe = Total Package (50% x \$22.00) \$8.00 **\$19.00** \$11.00

NOT Prevailing: 50% x \$30.00 (total package) = \$15.00

13

13

# Overtime and Fringe Benefits

(see Overtime Module)

• When computing overtime wages, the total wages paid must meet or exceed the 'total package' listed in the wage decision (29 CFR 5.32):

1.5 x BHR + Fringe = Total Package (1.5 x \$22.00) + \$8.00 = \$41.00

• Once the total package is determined, it may be paid in any combination as long as it equals the total package.

# Hourly Credit Example

#### **Fringe Benefit Credit**

Benefit Vacation	<u><b>Paid</b></u> 40 hrs. X \$20/hr.	<u>Total</u> \$800/yr.
Blue Cross	Yearly Premium	\$10,800/yr.
401K	Employer Contribution of \$3 00/hr	\$3 00/hr

#### To Calculate the Fringe Credit:

Benefit Vacation	<u>Calculation</u> 40 hrs. X \$20/hr. = \$800/2,080 hrs.	<u>Total</u> \$ .38
Blue Cross	\$10,800/2,080 hrs.	\$5.19
401K	\$3.00/hr.	\$ <u>3.00</u> \$8.57 Credit

\*Note: This example assumes the employee worked a full year and accrued 2080 hours. Seasonal workers may work less than 2080 hours. In these cases, the actual total hours accrued may be used instead of 2080 hours.

15

15

# Hourly Credit Example

#### **Examples**

Health insurance costs \$10,800 for a 12-month premium. The insurance is provided to the employee year-round, and the employee normally works 1,200 hours a year:

\$10,800/1,200 hrs. = \$9.00/hr.

Health insurance costs \$900 per month. The insurance is only offered in the months the employee works and the employee works 175 hours per month:

\$900/175 hrs. = \$5.14/hr.

Contractors are not entitled to deduct more than the actual cost of the benefit. Once the benefit has been funded for the coverage period it must be converted to another bona fide benefit or paid to the worker on their weekly check.

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17

# What and Where to Look for PW Compliance

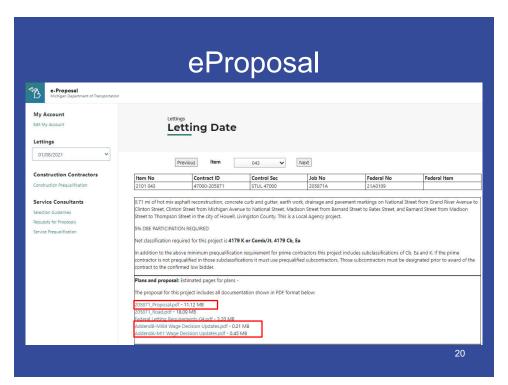
- MDOT Construction Manual
  - Division 1 Section. 107 Prevailing Wage Oversight Procedures

The oversight procedures provide guidance on the following:

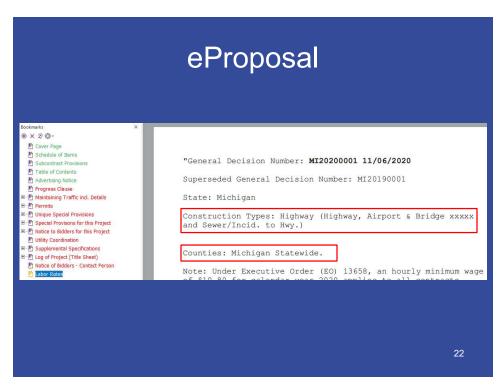
- FHWA 1273
- Notice to Bidders
- Wage Decisions
- PW Notifications

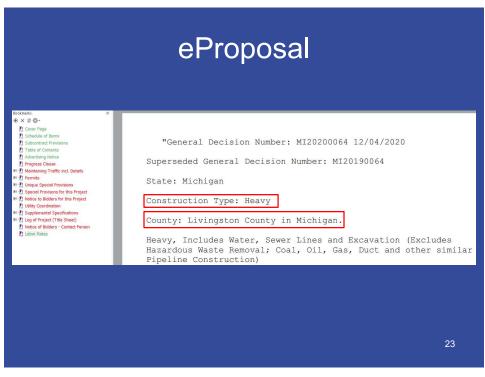
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# Form FHWA - 1273

- Contains several of the most common contract provisions mandated by various federal agencies when federal dollars are involved:
  - Included in all MDOT let Federal-aid construction contracts
  - Required subcontract attachment (see form 1302-Fed)
    - Form was revised 01/21
    - Required attachments moved from page six to page two
  - Contains DBRA and CWHSSA provisions

24

# **PW Oversight Procedures**

- Certified Payrolls must be received by the Engineer with in three weeks from the week ending in which work is performed.
- If they are not received in three weeks they are considered:
  - Delinquent
- Certified payrolls that are found to be incomplete, inaccurate, or inconsistent with other project records are considered:
  - Deficient

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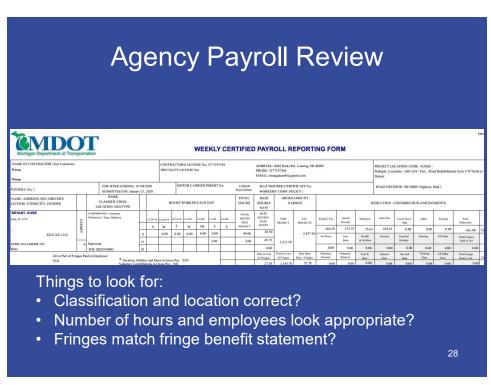
# PW Oversight Procedures

#### **Delinquent Notice**

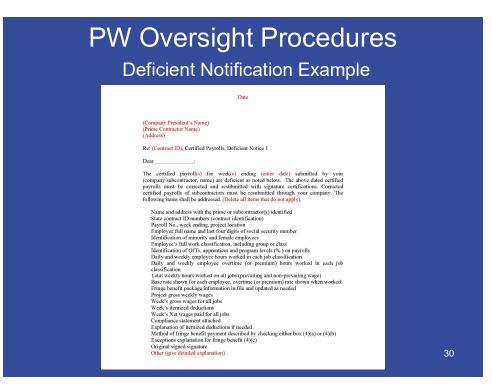
The notification sequence previously described would be as follow Allotted Time For Response /Resolution If No Notice Sequence Contractor Notice of Action Initiate Notice Response /Resolution Payment is being withheld for offending contractor's work items. Non-payment will continue until complete and accurate payrolls are received. Intent to assess non-Implement actions from the first notice. Send second notice. First payroll has not been received within 3 weeks. 30 days from receipt of first notice by the prime contractor First Notice (See Note 1) assess noncompliance damages
until all payrolls are
complete, accurate
and current. (See
Notes 2 and 3)
Intent to rescind all
prior payment for the
offending contractor's 30 days from work items. Intent to until all payrolls are complete, accurate and current. (See Notes 2 and 3) Intent to rescind all Payroll prior payment for the offending contractor's work items. Intent to remains delinquent 30 days from Second Implement 30 days submit interim receipt of Notice actions from after first second notice Contractor (See the second Performance Evaluation(s) for the notice by the prime Note 1) notice received contractor by prime offending contractor contractor(s). (See Note 2)

26

Delinquent Notification	(Company President's Name) (Prime Contractor Name) (Address)  Re: (Contract ID), Certified Payrolls, Delinquent Notice 1  Dear:  Your (company/subcontractor) performed work on (Contract ID) during the week(s) ending (). As of (3 weeks from the date work was started) certified weekly payrolls have not been received for the work performed by your (company/subcontractor name) and are classified as delinquent. Payment has been suspended for the work items performed by your (company/subcontractor, name). If certified weekly payrolls remain delinquent after 30 calendar days from the receipt of this notice, non-compliance damages will be assessed retroactive to the date this notice was received. Payment for work items performed by your (company/subcontractor, name) will continue to be suspended until complete and accurate certified payrolls are current and received by this office.
Example	Name Construction Engineer (Name of company, agency or TSC)  Sent by certified mail receipt requested or other method which establishes the date received by the prime contractor  cc: Subcontractor (by regular mail if needed) cc: Region coordinator for prevailing wage



		9	Proced	
	D	eficient N	lotice	
he notification	sequence prev	iously described wou	ıld be as follows:	
Initiate Notice	Notice Sequence	Notice of Action to Contractor	Allotted Time For Response /Resolution	If no Response /Resolution
Payroll deficiencies	First notice (See Note 1)	Intent to withhold payment for payment for contractor's work Items. Intent to assess non-comp leaner the date the first notice was received by the contractor. (See Note 3)	30 days from receipt of first notice by the prime contractor	Implement actions from the first notice Send second notice.
Payroll issue not resolved 80 days after first notice	Second notice (See Note 2)	Intent to rescind payment for all work Items of offending contractor(s). Intent to submit interim Contractor Performance Evaluations	30 days from receipt of second notice by the prime contractor	Implement actions from the second notice.
ne notification	sequence prev	iously described wou	ıld be as follows:	
Initiate Notice	Notice Sequence	Notice of Action to Contractor	Allotted Time For Response /Resolution	If no Response /Resolution
Payroll deficiencies	First notice (See Note 1)	Intent to withhold payment for payment for contractor's work Items. Intent to assess non-compliance the date the first notice was received by the prime (See Note 3)	30 days from receipt of first notice by the prime contractor	Implement actions from the first notice Send second notice.
Payroll Issue not resolved 30 days after first notice	Second notice (See Note 2)	Intent to rescind payment for all work Items of offending contractor(s). Intent to submit interim Contractor Performance Evaluations	30 days from receipt of second notice by the prime contractor	Implement actions from the second notice.



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Michigan Department of Transportation 1954 (07/09)		CERTIFIED PAYROLL STATUS RECORD Flat 11 Page 1 of 3																																	
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Week Ending								T	_			Ŧ	_			F	T	H	T	7						T	T	-	Ŧ	_			T	_	
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# PW Oversight Procedures

#### **Restitution Notice**

- If restitution is required in a PW violation, the Construction Field Services Division, PW Compliance Specialist is to be notified.
- The Prime Contractor will be notified along with any involved subcontractor of the violation and restitution amount:
  - Let them know what the noncompliance is for.
  - What needs to occur to correct the noncompliance.
  - What will happen if they do not comply within the time frames issued in the notification.

32

# **PW Oversight Procedures**

#### **Restitution Notice**

- Intent of the first notice of violation and restitution:
  - Immediately withholding the amount of the violation, if known.
  - 60 days to resolve the violation or the intent will be to withhold payment for the offending contractor's items.
  - This may be extended if Engineer and Contractor agree in writing.

33

33

# **PW Oversight Procedures**

#### **Restitution Notice**

Intent of the second notice of violation and restitution:

- Begin to withhold payment for the offending contractor's items.
- If not resolved with in 30 days of the second notice, NON-COMPLIANCE damages will be accessed back to the date of the first notice. The damages will continue until the violation is resolved.

# **PW Oversight Procedures**

Contractor Performance Evaluation (CPE)

- When a contractor fails to take necessary actions to become compliant the engineer is to document the noncompliance through the CPE process.
- · Interim CPE can aid in the compliance process.
- Contractor performance considered when prequalification is reviewed.

35

# **Contract Provisions for PW**

- Notice to Bidders
  - Fraud and Abuse Hotline (12NB17 or 20NB03)
  - Multiple Wage Decisions(NB13 or 20NB01)
    - Clarifies the proper use of wage decisions (Highway vs. Heavy)
- Special Provisions
  - Labor Compliance
  - Jobsite Poster Deficiencies
  - PW and Labor Compliance System

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOTICE TO BIDDERS FOR MULTIPLE DAVIS-BACON WAGE DECISIONS APPR:MAS:11-21-14 This proposal may contain multiple Davis-Bacon Wage Decisions. In order to clarify the work covered by each decision, the following explanations are offered: **Notice to** General Decision MI\_0001 covers all airport construction, bridge construction, highway construction, and sewer and watermain work that are incidental to highway projects. The construction type indicated on this decision is "HIGH-WAY (HIGH-WAY, AIRPORT & BRIDGE xxxxx and SEWERINICID. TO HWY.)." This wage decision is the most commonly used wage decision in MDOTs federally funded projects. **Bidders** In accordance with the U.S. Department of Labor's All Agency Memorandums No. 130 and No. 131, multiple wage decisions will be included in those projects in which a second category of work is substantial in relation to project cost — more than approximately 20% or \$1,000,000. Sewer and watermain work is considered to fall under the Heavy Construction work classification by the DOL, therefore when that work type is more than 20% of the engineer's estimate or \$1,000,000. He wage decision with the construction bype "HEAVY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS" will also be included in the proposal and is to be used for the sewer and watermain work in the proposal. All other work performed on the project will be covered by the "HIGHWAY (HIGHWAY, AIRPORT & BRIDGE xxxxx and SEWER/INCID. TO **Multiple** Wage Also, when the landscape work is more than 20% of the project cost or \$1,000,000, the "HEAVY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS" wage decision will be included in the proposal to cover all landscape work. All other work performed on the project will be covered by the "HICHWAY, (HICHWAY, AIRPORT & BRIDGE xxxxx and SEWER/INCID. TO HWY,)" wage decision. If the project is a total landscape project, only the "HEAVY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS" wage decision will be in the proposal. **Decisions** Rest area building projects will include the construction type "BUILDING" wage decision when the building portion of the work is more than 20% of the project cost or \$1,000,000. The other work performed on the project will be covered by the "HIGHWAY (HIGHNWAY, AIRPORT & BRIDGE xxxxx and SEWERINCID. TO HWY.)" wage decision and/or the "HEAVY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS" wage decision (landscape and/or sewer and watermain work) if either or both are greater than 20% or \$1,000,000. Although there is only one wage decision for "HIGHWAY (HIGHWAY, AIRPORT & BRIDGE xxxxx and SEWER/INCID. TO HWY.)", work (MI\_0001), the "HEAVY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS" and SULIDING wage decisions vary from county to county. 37

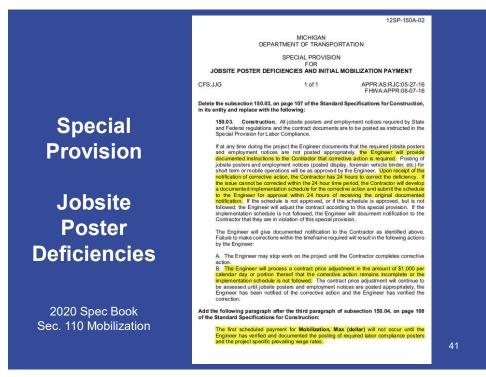
37

#### 12SP-107G-03 MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SPECIAL PROVISION FOR LABOR COMPLIANCE a. Description. Ensure all levels of contracting (prime, sub, sub-sub, etc.) comply with all labor compliance requirements in this contract. The Contractor is responsible for subcontractors and lower for subcontractors and lower for subcontractor is and lower for subcontractor is and lower for subcontractor is an expensive for subcontract for federally funded projects. All Contractors must insert the special provision in each subcontract further require its nucleon in lower fier subcontracts for federal prevailing wage projects. **Special Provision** Lobsite Posters. All jobsite posters and employment notices required by State and Federal regulations and the contract documents are to be posted on the jobsite in a conspicuous area prior to the commencement of work. Ensure jobsite postings are accessible at all times. Federal Prevailing Wage Projects. The Davis-Bacon Related Acts apply to all Contractors, and subcontractors (all tiers) performing work on federally funded or assisted construction contracts where the total construction contract price is in excess of \$25,000. Contractors and subcontractors are required to comply with 29 Code of Federal Regulations Parts 1.3, and 5. Labor Compliance The Contractor must advise subcontractors of the requirement to pay the prevailing wage rates prior to commencement of work and that all employees must cooperate during wage A. Certified Payroll Submittal Requirements. Contractors (all tiers) must submit their certified payrolls to the prime Contractor. The submitted payrolls must accurately and completely include all information required on MDOT Form CP-347, Certified Payroll. The required weekly payroll information may be submitted on a contractor generated form but must contain all information required on Form CP-347. The first certified payroll is to be received by the Engineer within 3 weeks from the week ending in which work is performed. The 3 week predow is to allow for the processing and review of the certified payrolls by the prime Contractor. The review must ensure the certified payroll is completed and contains when the certified payrolls in Complete and contains the contractor. The review must ensure the certified payrolls complete and contains when the certified payrolls information must mean the requirements of this special provision unless the contract requires payroll to be submitted through the prevailing wage and labor compliance (PWLC) system. Payroll submitted via the PWLC system must be entered into the system, certified, and approved by the prime Contractor to be considered received by the Department. pg. 1 (20SP-107D-01) Labor compliance issues must be resolved within 60 calendar days of receiving the Departments first documented notice. The 60-day requirement may be extended based 38

#### CFS:AS on documented mutual agreement between the Department and the Contractor. (1) Fringe Benefit Statements. Contractors making payments or incurring cost to provide bona fide benefits must submit an hourly breakdown of fringe benefits paid each worker, or work classification where applicable, that must accompany the first conflied payrol where firings benefits are credited lowards the prevailing wage. The Contractor must update these documents as necessary to ensure they are current throughout the working life of the contract. Failure to submit or maintain the required fringe benefit statement will constitute a payroll deficiency. (2) Delinquent Payroll. Certified payrolls not submitted per subsection b. 2.A of this special provision will be considered delinquent. Special (3) Deficient Payroll. Certified payrolls that are found to be incomplete, inaccurate, or inconsistent with other project records are considered deficient. (4) Non-compliance Damages. A Contractor found to be in non-compliance with the requirements of this special provision will be assessed non-compliance damages issted in Table 1, proportional to the value of their work on the contract (including subcontract, purchase order (P.O.) or invoice amount). **Provision** Table 1: Schedule of Non-Compliance Damages Contract/Subcontract/P.O/Invoice | Non-compliance damages pe Amount (a) \$0 to 49,999 Labor Compliance 5.000,000 to 9.999,999 2.650 3,000,000 to 9,999,999 10,000,000 and above 3,000 Trucker \$200 a. "Confract" amount if offending contractor is the prime contractor. "SubcontractP, O,Invoice" amount if offending contractor is a subcontractor/vendor. pg. 2 B. Record Keeping. Maintain payrolls and basic records relating thereto (i.e. employee names, occupation, hours worked, W2, canceled checks, bank statements, etc.) by all levels of contractors during the course of twok, and retain for a 3-year period from the date of final estimate for all employees working on the site of work. Make these records available for inspection, copying, or transcription by the Department or its C. Short Duration Projects. The following modifications apply if the project is less than 75 calendar days in duration. (20SP-107D-01) (1) Submittal Requirements. On short duration projects the first certified payroll is

39

# Special Provision Labor Compliance pg. 3 (20SP-107D-01)



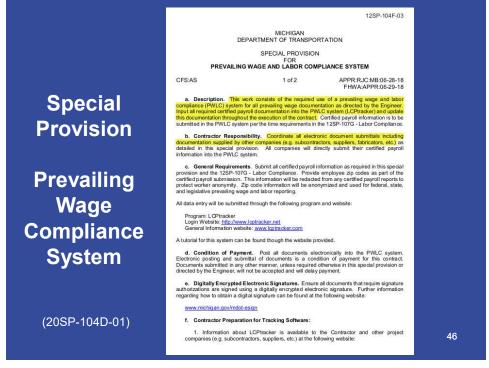
# **Jobsite Posters**

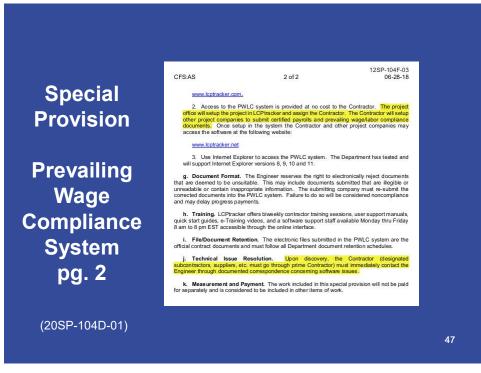
- Contractor must post in a conspicuous location prior to the commencement of work.
- Must be always accessible to employees and the public
- Verified by the agency via MDOT Form 1967.
- Poster guidance provided on the MDOT Construction Wiki:
  - Division 1, Section 107, Subsection 1.20 "Jobsite Posting"

	Michigan Department of Transportation 1967 (08/19)	OSTER INSPECTION CHECKLIST File: 401
	ENGINEER / INSPECTOR	COMPLETED BY
	CONTROL SECTION / JOB NUMBER	DATE / TIME
	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	LOCATION OF JOBSITE POSTERS
MDOT Form	2. OFCCP 1420 – Equal Employment 3. WH 1420 – Employee Rights Unde	r the Family Medical Leave Act (04/16)
MIDOT FOITH	Including required text field  5. WH 1321 – Employee Rights Unde	er the Davis-Bacon Act (10/17) - Spanish Optional **
1967	6. FHWA 1022 - Notice: Federal Aid I	Projects (05/15) **
1901	Including both required text fields 7. WH 1462 – Notice: Employee Polys	graph Protection Act (07/16)
	8. WH 1088 – Employee Rights Unde	or the Fair Labor Standards Act (07/16)
	9. WH 1284 – Employee Rights for W	orkers with Disabilities Paid at Subminimum Wages (01/18)
Updated	10. USERRA – Your Rights Under US	SERRA (04/17)
_	B) STATE JOBSITE POSTERS Yes / NA	
08/19	11. State of Michigan Civil Rights Post	ter (02/17)
	12. State of Michigan Title VI Poster	
	13. State of Michigan Fraud and Abus	se Hotline Poster
	C) ADDITIONAL REQUIRED POSTE	ERS/DOCUMENTS
	Yes / NA  14. Prevailing Wage Rates from the C	Contract **
	15. Equal Employment Opportunity (E	A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A CONT
	16. Letter Appointing an EEO Officer I	for the Contract
	17. Emergency telephone numbers	19 101 H29 PQ 200 B0 B0 B0 B1
	18. Permits (MI Department of Natural	Resources & Environmental and/or US Army Corps of Engineers)
	COMMENTS ** Not Applicable to State Only Funded Contract	S









# Prevailing Wage Compliance 2021

Prevailing Wage Components

Contract Documents

#### **Wage Decisions**

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# Wage Decisions

- There are four basic categories of wage decisions based on type of construction
  - Highway: Alteration of roads, streets, highways, runway, paths, parking areas, etc.
  - Heavy: Catch-all category. Includes all projects not classified as highway, building or residential.
  - <u>Building</u>: Sheltered enclosures with walk-in access i.e. rest area, welcome center, etc.
  - Residential: Dwelling of less than four stories.

49

49

# Wage Decision

- The wage decision contain a workers:
  - Classification Identifier (example CARP004-005)
  - Corresponding wage rate
  - Geographical area where that rate has been found to prevailing

CARP0004-005 06/01/2018

LIVINGSTON (Townships of Brighton, Deerfield, Genoa, Hartland, Oceola & Tyrone), MACOMB, MONROE, OAKLAND, SANILAC, ST. CLAIR AND WAYNE COUNTIES

Rates Fringes

CARPENTER (Piledriver).....\$ 30.50

27.28

50

# Wage Decisions Davis-Bacon

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of "identifiers" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

51

51

# Wage Decisions

Davis-Bacon

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than "SU" or "UAVG" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

52

# Wage Decisions

Davis-Bacon

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

\_\_\_\_\_

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

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53

53

# Worker Classification

- Worker classifications are based on the type of work actually performed without regard for skill. This may be different than a worker's classification on private work.
- Worker's may be classified as "apprentices" and/or "trainees" and are permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate if employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide program recognized by the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Office of Apprenticeship (OA) or MDOT OJT program
  - Proof of apprentice or trainee status must be uploaded to LCPtracker and kept current throughout the time the apprentice or trainee is on the project

# Worker Classification

- Some workers may have multiple duties. They may use a hand rake for several hours a day and a front-end loader for the remainder of the day.
  - In this instance the employer must split up the employee's time into two work categories (laborer and operator). Each category has its own hourly rate and benefit requirement that must be met. The CPR records should reflect both classifications and time spent performing each, within
- An employee must be paid for all 'principal' activities as well as 'activities' which are an integral part of a 'principal activity'.
  - For example, these include wait time and standby time while sitting "idle" until the next gravel truck arrives for a reload.

55

# Wage Changes

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Asphalt plant operator; Crame operator (does not include work on bridge construction projects when the crame include work on bridge construction projects when the crame operator; Showel operator; Locomotive operator; Paver operator; Showel operator; Locomotive operator; Paver operator; Showel operator; Locomotive operator; Paver operator; Showel operator; Locomotive operator; Paver operator; Showel operator; Locomotive operator; Paver operator; Showel operator; Locomotive operator; Paver operator; Showel operator; Locomotive operator; Paver operator; Trenching machine operator (laphalt); Blade grader operator; Trenching machine operator; Shif form paver; Self-propelled or tractor-drawn scraper; Conveyor loader operator (Euclid type); Endloader operator (lyd. capacity and over); Bulldozer; Hoisting engineer; Tractor operator; Finishing machine operator (self-propelled); Backhoe (with over 3/8 yd. bucket); Side boom tractor (type 1-d or equivalent or larger); Tube finisher (alip form paving); Gradii (and similar type machine); Asphalt pawer (self-propelled); Concrete-central mix); Slurry machine (asphalt); Concrete pump (3 in. and over); Roto-mill; Swinging boom truck (over 12 ton capacity); Hydro demolisher (water blaater); Farm-type tractor with attached pan; Vacuum truck operator; (40h.p., or over; Tractor Operator (farm type); Finishing Machine Operator (concrete); Grader Operator (famitype); Finishing Machine Operator; Genderoperator; Swahing plant operator; Country operator; Swahing plant operator; Count

GROUP 2: Screening plant operator; Washing plant operator; Crusher operator; Backhoe (with 3/8 yd. bucket or less); Side boom tractor (smaller than 0-4 type or equivalent); Sweeper (Wayne type and similar equipment); Greese Truck; Air Compressor Operator (600 cu.ft. per min or more); Air Compressor Operator (two or more, less than 600 cfm);

GROUP 3: Boiler fire tender; Tractor operator (farm type with attachment); Concrete Breaker; Wagon Drill Operator;

GROUP 4: Oiler; Fire tender; Trencher (service); Flexpiane operator; Cleftplane operator; Boom or Winch hoist truck operator; Endloader operator vunder 1 yd. capacity); Roller Operator (other than asphalt); Curing equipment operator (self-propelled); Power bin operator; Plant drier (6 ft. wide or over); Guard post driver operator (power driven); All mulching equipment; Stump remover; Concrete pump (under "in Winch installer (self-propelled); End dumps Skid il mulching equipment; Stump remover, Contrate Pump (and -in.); Mesh installer (self-propelled); End dump; Skid

WER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Asphalt plant operator; Crane operator (does not include work on bridge construction projects when the crane operator is erecting structural components); Dragline operator; Showel operator; Dragline operator; Showel operator; Dragline operator; Showel operator; Crane operator; Pawer operator; Premching machine operator (ladder or wheal driving operator; Trenching machine operator (ladder or wheal type); Endoader operator (ladder operator; Pile driving operator; Conveyor loader operator; Charlett (projection); Projection (ladder operator; Pile tractor-drawn acraper; Conveyor loader operator; (Euclid type); Endoader operator (ly d. capacity and ower); Bulldozer; Noisting engineer; Tractor operator; Finishing machine operator (separator); Sandering or over, yas, diesel powered or generator (d-in, discharge or over, yas, diesel powered or generator (self-propelled); Backhoe (with over 3/8 yd. bucket); Side boom tractor (type D-4 or equivalent or larger); Tube finisher (slip form paving); Cradall (and similar type machine); Asphalt planer (self-propelled); Barch plant (sinisher (slip form paving); Cradall (and similar type machine); Asphalt planer (self-propelled); Barch plant (propelled); Rayhalt planer (self-propelled); Barch plant (propelled); Rayhalt planer (self-propelled); Barch plant (propelled); Farm-type tractor with attached pan GROUP 2: Screening plant operator; Washing plant operator; GROUP 1: Asphalt plant operator; Crane operator (d

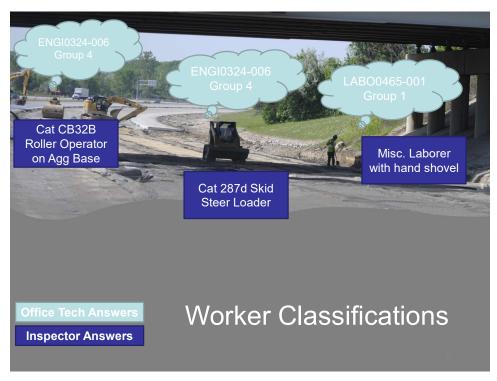
GROUP 2: Screening plant operator; Washing plant operator; Crusher operator; Backhoe (with 3/8 yd. bucket or less); Side boom tractor (smaller than D-4 type or equivalent); Sweeper (Wayne type and similar equipment); Vacuum truck operator; Backh plant (concrete dry batch)

GROUP 3: Grease Truck

GROUP 4: Air compressor operator (600 cu. ft. per min or-more); Air compressor appearator (two or more, less than 600 efm); Wagon drill operator; Concrete breaker; Tractor operator (farm type with attachment)

Geracor (ram type with attachment)

GROUP 5: Doliver-fire-tendender: Oller; Fire tender; Trencher
(service); Floxplane operator; Cleftplane operator; Geader
operator; Gelder operator; Gelder operator; Geader
operator (self-peopelled) fine-geade-oe-feem (concested));
Finishing-nachine-operator (conceste); Boom or winch hoist
truck operator; Gridoader operator (under 1 yd. capacity);
Roller operator (other than asphall); Curing equipment
operator (sif-propelled); Generate are operator (dh.hp.
op-ower); Fower bin operator; Flant diser operator
wide or over); Duard operator; Enat (properator); Duard operator
All mulching equipment; Stump remover; Conceste pump (under
3-in.); Mesh installer (self- propelled); Tractor operator
(fearn-type); End dump; Skid steer



# Worker Classification

#### Working Foreman

 Foremen or supervisors who regularly spend more than 20% of their time performing construction work are covered under prevailing wage for the time spent performing construction work.

#### Exclusions

 Individuals whose duties are primarily administrative, executive, or clerical are not laborers or mechanics.
 Examples include superintendents, office staff, timekeepers, inspectors, engineers, etc.

58

# Multiple Wage Decision

Davis-Bacon
Why is there more than one decision in a contract?

- The USDOL requires multiple wage decisions be placed into contracts when the following occurs:
  - When items are substantial in relation to the project cost – more than approximately <u>20% of the Engineer</u> Estimate.
  - When a project is very large, items of work of a different character may be sufficiently substantial to warrant a separate decision even though these items of work do not specifically amount to 20% of the total project cost (\$1,000,000 or more).

59

59

# Multiple Wage Decision

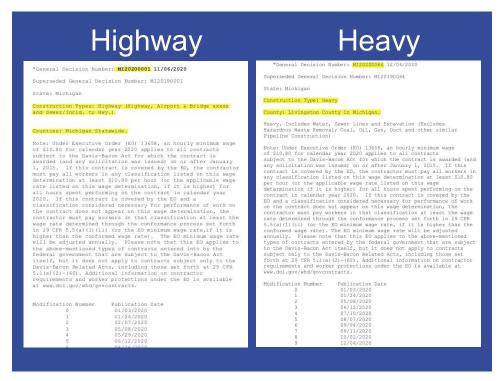
Davis-Bacon

 Most frequently for MDOT work, the Heavy Decision applies to:

#### sewer and watermain work

 All other work performed on the project will be covered by the 'AIRPORT & BRIDGE, HIGHWAY, SEWER/INCID. TO HWY' wage decision (MI1 Highway).

60



# Sewer/Incid. To Hwy???

```
"General Decision Number: MI20200001 11/06/2020

Superseded General Decision Number: MI20190001

State: Michigan

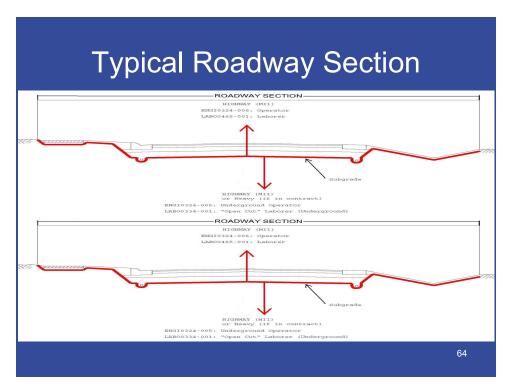
Construction Types: Highway (Highway, Airport & Bridge xxxxx and Sewer/Incid. to Hwy.)

Counties: Michigan Statewide.
```

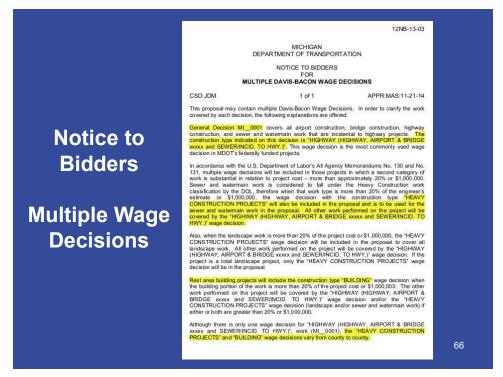
Example: Water or sewer line work which is a part of a highway project would not generally be separately classified where construction is "incidental in function", 20-percent of project cost per engineer estimate is used as a rough guide for determining

62

covered under the "Heavy Decision"								
2012 Standard Specifications for Construction	Letting Date: January 8, 2021 Item No: 21	01 043 Contract ID: 47000-205871						
Michigan Department of Transportation	DESIGNATED and							
2101 043 STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPJ	DESIGNATED ITEMS:	COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS OF PREQUALIFIED SUBCONTRACTOR DOING WORK:						
0.71 mi of hot mix asphalt reconstruction, concrete curb and gutte National Street from Grand River Avenue to Clinton Street, Clinton Madison Street from Barnard Street to Bates Street, and Barnard the city of Howell, Livingston County. This is a Local Agency proje	(Cb) Plant-Mixed Hot Mix Asphalt/ Bituminous							
BIDS WILL BE ELECTRONICALLY DOWNLOADED AT		(COMPANY NAME)						
CONTRACT ID         CONTROL SECTION         PROJECT           47000-205871         STUL         47000         205871A		(COMPANY ADDRESS)						
The bidder has downloaded and examined the plans, specifications, sp as well as the location of the work described in the proposal for this pro project, and is fully informed as to the nature of the work and the condit the quantities shown are approximate only and are subject to either inc	(Ea) Grading, Drainage Structures, and Aggregate Construction	(COMPANY NAME)						
The bidder hereby proposes to furnish all necessary machinery, tools, a work, furnish all the materials except as otherwise specified and, for ea lemitzed bid, to complete the work in strict conformily with the plans the reference in these pages, and in strict conformily with the requirements likhigan Department of Transportation and such other special provision	(K) Sewers and Watermains	(COMPANY ADDRESS)						
the proposal for this project.  The bidder further proposes to do such extra work as may be authorize	S Des grant regulation to the regular strategy and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second sec	(COMPANY NAME)						
in the itemized bid. Compensation shall be made on the basis agreed u								
The bidder hereby certifies that if it is not prequalified in all classification taken such preparatory steps as may be necessary and will within the taken Standard Specifications for Construction, designate subcontractor(s) the the work.		(COMPANY ADDRESS)						
THE BIDDER UNDERSTANDS AND AGREES THAT THE DEPARTMI ALL BIDS AND NO CONTRACTUAL RELATIONSHIP SHALL EXIST B THE WORK DESCRIBED HEREIN UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THE CONT		(COMPANY NAME)						
THE BIDDER AND THE DEPARTMENT.  The bidder agrees upon submitting this bid that its agents, officers or el agreements, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action		(COMPANY ADDRESS)						
with this proposal for the above project.  Unless the bidder gives MDOT advance written notice, MDOT may con	:	(COMPANY NAME)						
questions and problems with the insurance certificates, bonds and relati the filing of the insurance certificates, bond, and related materials with								
provide MDOT with the required materials, on a timely basis and in prog Subject to Subsection 102.17 of the 2012 Standard Specifications for C Department of Transportation the bid guaranty sum of \$50,000.00	SPECIALTY ITEMS:	(COMPANY ADDRESS)						
or execute the contract in accordance with Subsection 102.15 of the 20		(COMPANY NAME)						
		(COMPANY ADDRESS)	63					
	SEE NEXT PAGE FOR INFORMATION ON	(COMPANY ADDRESS)	0.					







# Multiple Wage Decision

- When landscape work is more than 20% of the project per engineer estimate, the 'Heavy' wage decision will be included in the proposal to cover that work.
  - Standard Spec. 815.01: Landscaping consists of providing and planting trees, shrubs, and other plants including replacements, classified as nursery stock.
- All other work performed on the project will be covered by the 'AIRPORT & BRIDGE, HIGHWAY, SEWER/INCID. TO HWY' wage decision.

67

67

# **Building Decision**

Davis-Bacon

- Rest areas and welcome center building projects will include the construction type 'BUILDING' wage decision when that portion of the work is more than 20% of the project cost or \$1,000,000
- The building decision will include crafts necessary to complete building work.

68

# Prevailing Wage Compliance 2021

Prevailing Wage Components
Contract Documents
Wage Decisions

#### **Wage Rate Interviews**

Overtime Certified Payrolls Truck Drivers

Adam Strong Prevailing Wage Compliance Specialist (517) 719-7344 stronga1@michigan.gov



69

# | MINIMUM WAGE RATE | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HITCHEN SHEET | TERT HIT

# Form 1156-T1

MDOT 1156-T1 (06/18)

#### Instructions for MDOT form 1156

Page 2 of 2

The form is to be filled out completely. The following procedures are to be used when conducting wage rate interviews.

- . The interviewer will complete form 1156, not the worker.
- Complete wage rate interviews each season for multi-season projects.
- Interview a representative sample of the work force for each contractor and subcontractor on the project during each construction season.
- Include each classification and group in the interview process. Operators of equipment and trucks whose ownership is not clearly identified should be interviewed.
- To ensure the privacy of the workers, coworkers and supervisors are <u>not</u> allowed to be present during the interview or allowed to hear the interview.
- Give the worker a business card with contact information or the FRAUD AND ABUSE HOTLINE toll free number in the event that they would like to discuss the interview issues further, supply additional documentation or information, or to continue the interview in a more private and confidential setting.
- Conduct interviews in the early part of the project to verify prevailing wage compliance.
   Check the certified payroll against the wage rate interview in a timely manner. If issues are found, deal with them immediately.

71

71

### Form 1156-T1

#### Consider the following when completing form 1156

#### WORK DESCRIPTION:

Work being performed at time of interview (e.g., laying pipe, raking asphalt, placing sod, operating backhoe, bulldozer, crane)

#### EMPLOYEE REPLY:

WHO PAYS YOU? The response should be the name of the contractor or sub contractor they work for.

HOURLY RATE: Ask the worker what their hourly rate of pay is, and what the overtime rate of pay is. If the worker does not know or says "I think I make \$??.??, but I'm not sure", be sure to include the response in the comments section of form 1156. Ask the worker if they know where the wage rates are posted. Also, ask them to provide a check stub so that you can confirm their wages.

BASE HOURLY RATES: When the certified payrolls indicate that fringe benefits are paid as part of the hourly rate, use like benefits in computing the base hourly rate.

### Questions to Ask

- · Determine the classification of the worker:
  - What type of work have they performed on the project.
    - DO NOT classify as 'laborer' or 'operator' only.
- Determine the worker's pay rate:
  - Project rate of pay
  - 'Open Shop' rate of pay (private work)
  - If the worker does not know their rate of pay:
    - A comment on the wage rate interview is required.
    - The worker should be encouraged to review the required jobsite postings.
    - Additional concerns can be directed to the Fraud & Abuse hotline if the worker is uncomfortable discussing with project staff.

73

73

### Questions to Ask

- Determine the type of <u>fringe benefits</u> being paid to the worker:
  - Health, 401k, vacation, sick days, etc.
- Determine number of weekly hours worked:
  - Normal weekly hours paid on a weekly check from employer.
  - Are they paid overtime for hours worked after 40 weekly hours.
- Document contact information (cell or home phone):
  - This is not required.
  - It is encouraged to conduct a follow up interview if there are certified payroll discrepancies.

Information collected verifies the accuracy of the certified payzoll.

### Wage Rate Interview

- Conduct interviews in the early stages of the project to verify PW compliance.
- For multi-year projects, wage rate interviews are to be conducted with all contractor/subcontractors each season that they perform work.
- Check the certified payroll against the wage rate interview in a timely manner so issues may be resolved quickly.

75

75

### Worker's Pay Rate

- IT IS THE EMPLOYERS RESPONSIBILITY TO MAKE SURE THEIR EMPLOYEES ARE AWARE OF THE PROPER PW RATES.
- Some workers are paid a salary rather than a hourly wage:
  - A WEEKLY SALARY IS NOT A WAY AROUND PAYING THE PROPER PW.
  - A worker must be paid a minimum hourly wage for all hours worked for the entire work week.

### **Prevailing Wage Compliance 2021**

Prevailing Wage Components
Contract Documents
Wage Decisions
Wage Rate Interviews

### **Overtime**

Certified Payrolls
Truck Drivers

Adam Strong
Prevailing Wage Compliance Specialist
(517) 719-7344
stronga1@michigan.gov



77

### **Application of Overtime**

- Time and one half (or premium pay) must be paid for all hours worked after 40 hours.
- Fringe benefits must be paid for <u>ALL</u> hours worked on the site of work, including the overtime hours.
- Overtime is calculated using the half time premium on the "base rate" only.

Fringe benefits amount whether paid in hourly wages or in bona fide benefits are not included in the half time premium.

• In general, with few exceptions, overtime should not be computed on any amount less than the published base hourly rate.

78

### Overtime and Fringe Benefits

 When computing overtime wages, the total wages paid must meet or exceed the combination stated in the contract: (Wage Decision)

$$($22.00 \times 1.5) + $8.00 = $41.00$$

Regardless of what combination of fringes and hourly rate is used

79

79

# Overtime Examples

The published hourly rate is \$22.00, the fringe is \$8.00, and employee worked 44 hours.

The employer does not offer any benefits. The \$8.00 in fringes is paid as hourly wages. The worker would be due on his check (and shown on certified payroll):

```
44 hrs. x $30 = $1,320 (straight time pay)
4 hrs. x 1/2 ($22) = $ 44 (overtime premium)
```

\$1,364

80

# The published hourly rate is \$22.00, the fringe is \$8.00, and employee worked 44 hours.

The employer contributes \$8.00 per hour into the workers 401k plan to meet the fringe benefits requirement. The worker would be due on his check (and shown on certified payroll):

44 hrs. x \$22 = \$ 968 (straight time pay)

4 hrs.  $x \frac{1}{2}$  (\$22) = \$ 44 (overtime premium)

\$1,012

\*Note: In addition, the worker would be due \$352 (44 x \$8) in the workers 401k account. Note the total is the same in all examples (\$1,012 + \$352 = \$1,364)

81

81

### The published hourly rate is \$22.00, the FB is \$8.00, and employee worked 44 hours.

The employer contributes \$4.00 per hour into a 401k plan and pays \$26.00 per hour to the worker. The worker would be due on his/her check (and shown on certified payroll):

44 hrs. x \$26 = \$1,144 (straight time pay)

4 hrs. x  $\frac{1}{2}$  (\$22) = \$ 44 (overtime premium)

\$1,188

\*Note: In addition, the worker would be due \$176 (44 x \$4) in the workers 401k account. Note the total is the same in all examples (\$1,188 + \$176 = \$1,364)

The published hourly rate is \$22.00, the FB is \$8.00, and employee worked 44 hours

The employer pays the worker \$19 per hour and contributes \$11 per hour into his/her 401k plan. The worker would be due on his/her check (and shown on certified payroll).

```
44 hrs. x $19 = $836 (straight time pay)
4 hrs. x \frac{1}{2} ($22) = $ 44 (overtime premium)
```

\$880

\*Note: In addition, the worker would be due \$484 (44 x \$11) in his/her 401k account. Note the total is the same in all example (\$880 + \$484 = \$1,364)

83

83

- Rates of pay for a worker working in different classifications during a week with overtime.
- Weighted average is allowed in calculating overtime:

\$15/hr. for 40 hrs. as a laborer = \$600 \$25/hr. for 10 hrs. as an operator = \$250

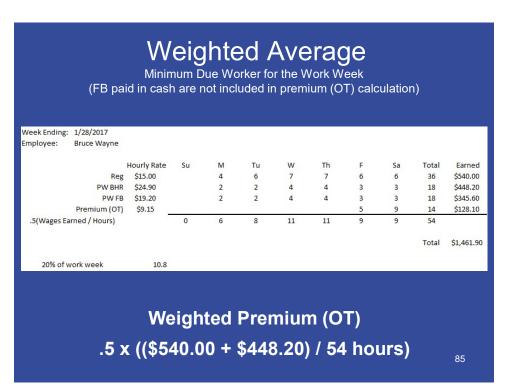
Average Rate = (Total Dollars)/(Total Hours)

\$850/50 hrs. = \$17

Premium Rate = \$17 X 1/2 = \$8.50

Premium Pay = \$8.50 X 10 hrs. = \$85.00

Total for the 50 hrs. worked: \$600.00 + \$250.00 + \$85.00= \$935.00



### **Prevailing Wage Compliance 2021**

Prevailing Wage Components
Contract Documents
Wage Decisions
Wage Rate Interviews
Overtime

### **Certified Payrolls**

Truck Drivers

Adam Strong Prevailing Wage Compliance Specialist (517) 719-7344 stronga1@michigan.gov



# **Pre-con Meeting Minutes**

Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT)

Contract ID XXXXX-XXXXXX, Preconstruction Meeting Minutes
(Updated August 26, 2019)

ALL RED TEXT MUST BE EDITED OR REMOVED PRIOR TO DISTRIBUTION.
IN SOME CASES THE RED TEXT WILL DICTATE REMOVAL OF BLACK TEXT. BLACK
TEXT MAY BE DELETED IF IT IS NOT APPLICABLE TO YOUR PROJECT.

### CERTIFIED PAYROLLS / PREVAILING WAGES:

This project is entirely state funded and does not have accompanying prevailing wage requirements. Everything in this section below does not apply.

This project involves federal funding and the Davis-Bacon Minimum Wage Rates apply for the site of work. The wage decision for this project is located on page XXX and is covered by the Airport & Bridge, Highway, Sewer/Incid. to Hwy wage decision.

There are multiple wage decisions for this project as described in the Notice to Bidders on page XXX. The wage decisions included in this project are Airport & Bridge, Highway, Sewer/Incid, to Huy wage decision on page XXX and the Heavy wage decision for underground items on page

### PREVAILING WAGE AND LABOR COMPLIANCE SYSTEM:

Certified payroll and associated documents must be submitted in the PWLC system (LCPtracker). Documents must be submitted in accordance with the timeframe listed on the Compliance Special Provision. The Contractor is also responsible for coordinating all electronic document submittals from lower tier Subcontractors.

The MDOT project office will set up the contract and assign the Contractor. The Contractor's prime approver is XXXXXXX.

87

### **Certified Payrolls**

- Certified weekly payrolls must be submitted to the Construction Engineer on all Federal-aid contracts in excess of \$2,000.00.
- Contractors are required to use LCPtracker for the submission of all prevailing wage documentation. (SP-104F)
- Payroll submitted via LCPtracker must be entered into the system, certified, and approved by the prime to be considered received by the Department. (SP-107G)

Certified payrolls will not be submitted on contracts funded entirely by the State of Michigan.

# Prevailing Wages & No Signed Subcontract

- Persons performing the duties of laborers and mechanics must be paid the PW rate regardless of any <u>written</u> contractual arrangement.
  - e.g. Pavement sweeping, flagging & concrete pumping
- Certified payrolls are required anytime employees are paid PW.
- It is the responsibility of the prime contractor to ensure that certified payrolls are submitted by any company with which they have a contractual arrangement.

89

89

### **Project Delivery**

Guidance in Construction Manual: Division 1 > Section 107 > LCPtracker Supplemental Information

### **Prevailing Wage Procedures**

Contract Setup and Assignment – Contract setup in LCPtracker as well as the assignment of the prime contractor and prime approver is the responsibility of the engineer (or their designee such as the office technician). Contract setup includes but is not limited to the entry of project specific information, identification of a project specific contact, and assignment of the appropriate prevailing wage schedule(s). Individual contracts where consultants are performing payroll oversight must be setup by the engineer or their designee and then assigned to the consultant.

Wage Determination Entry – Entry and maintenance of wage decisions is the responsibility of the MDOT LCPtracker administrator. If at any time a project office becomes aware that a wage determination required for their project is not available, the MDOT LCPtracker administrator must be notified. Wage entry requests must allow at least 2 business days for the information to be input into LCPtracker.

Contract Administration – The day-to-day administration of the contract is the responsibility of the engineer or their designee. This will include approving fringe benefit statements, receiving, reviewing, and accepting certified payroll submissions, approving apprenticeship documents, establishing project specific apprenticeship/OJT classification(s), and closing completed contracts.

Support Email: MDOT-LCPtracker@michigan.gov

### **LCPtracker Contract Setup**

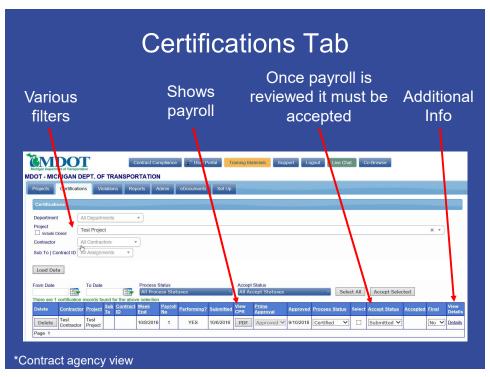
- Basic information about the contract is required for setup
  - TSCs are responsible to setup their own projects including full CE
  - LAP projects must send contract ID, prime approver, and office tech's information to resource email for setup
- Active projects will be visible on contractor and agency side immediately after login to LCPtracker
- Once project is setup, contractor and prevailing wage schedule(s) are assigned payroll can be completed
- The resource email should be used to address any comments, questions, or concerns (including new accounts)

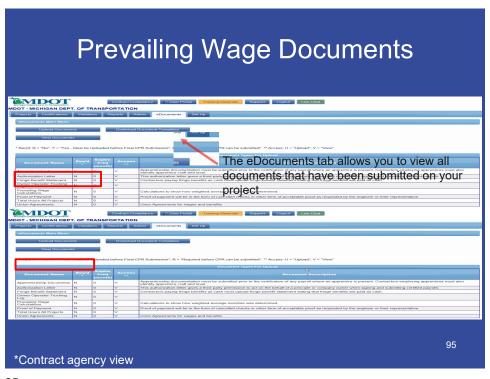
91

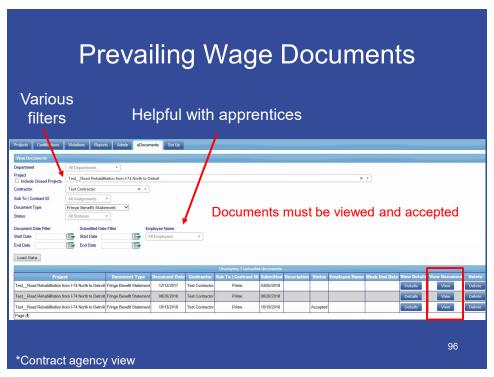
91

# Sign into LCPtracker For Electronic Submission and Management of Certified Payroll Reports Visername Password SIGN IN Forgot Password? Workforce & Compliance Database Advanced Labor Analytics to Empower Data-Driven Decisions WWW.lcptracker.net



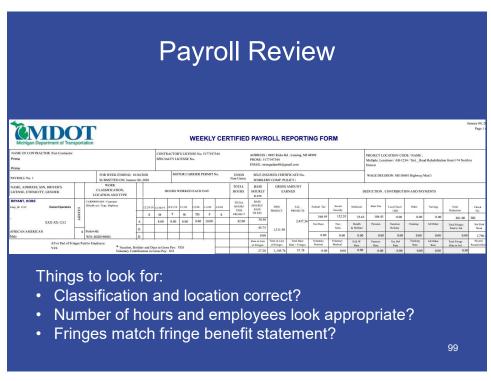






Prevailing Wage	Documents
	<b>5</b>
Projects Certifications Violations Reports Admin eDocum	ments Set Up
Record Review — All data on this form is for this project only	
Project Test Road Rehabilitation from I-74 North to Detroit	Week End Date
Contractor Test Contractor	Contractor Id 5177197344
Document Type Fringe Benefit Statement	
Uploaded Document Date Expire Date 8/11/2015 8/8/2015 1/1/2100	
Employee Name  Accept / Reject   Case Number   Description (50 characters max)	
<u> </u>	
Contractor Notes	
Administrator Notices	
Add Admin Notice	
Confidential Administrator Notes	
Add Confidential Admin Note	
Cancel Save	97
Contract agency view	

MDOT CP-347 (04/10)		Page 2 of 2
Date	(b) WHERE FRINGE BENEFITS ARE PAID IN CASH	1
I,(Name of Signatory Party) (Title) do hereby state:	Each laborer or mechanic listed in a sindicated on the payroll, an amo	the above referenced payroll has been paid, out not less than the sum of the applicable ount of the required fringe benefits as listed
(1) That I pay or supervise the payment of the persons employed by	(e) EXCEPTIONS	section 4(c) below.
(Contractor or Subcontractor) on the	EXCEPTION (CRAFT)	EXPLANATION
; that during the payroll period commencing on the (Building or Work)		
day of		
(Contractor or Subcontractor) from the full		
weekly wages earned by any person and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the fall wages earned by any person, then then persons bild deductions as defined in Regulations, Part 3 (30 CF R. Subtite A), issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act, as amended (48 Stat. 94, 50 Stat. 106, 72 Stat. 997, 79 Stat. 307, 40 U.S.C. § 3146), and described below:  (2) That any payrolis otherwise under this contract required to be submitted for the above period are correct and complete. that the wage raise for laborary or mechanics contained therein are not lates than the applicable wage rates contained in any wage determination incorporated into the contract, that the classifications set forth threat for each laborary or mechanics contained for the contract, that the classifications set forth threat for each laborary or mechanics contrained therein are not lates than the classifications set forth threat for each laborary or mechanics contrained the very late that the classifications set forth threat for each laborary or mechanics contrained the very late that the classifications set forth threat for each laborary or mechanics contrained that was the performed.  (3) That any payrolis opperations employed in the above period are duty registered in a box a fide	EEDAANSE.	
apprenticeship program registered with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, United States Department of Labor, or fine such recognized agency exists in a State, are registered with the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, United States Department of Labor.		
(4) That: (a) WHERE FRINGE BENEFITS ARE PAID TO APPROVED PLANS, FUNDS, OR PROGRAMS	NAME AND TITLE SIGNA	TURE
<ul> <li>in addition to the basic hourly wage rates paid to each laborer or mechanic listed in the above referenced payroll, payments of fringe benefits as listed in the contract have been or will be made to appropriate programs for the benefit of such</li> </ul>	THE WILLFUL FALSIFICATION OF ANY OF THE ABOVE STAT SUBCONTRACTOR TO CIVIL OR CRIMINAL PROSECUTION. SEE SEI 31 OF THE UNITED STATES CODE.	TEMENTS MAY SUBJECT THE CONTRACTOR OF CTION 1001 OF TITLE 18 AND SECTION 231 OF TITLE



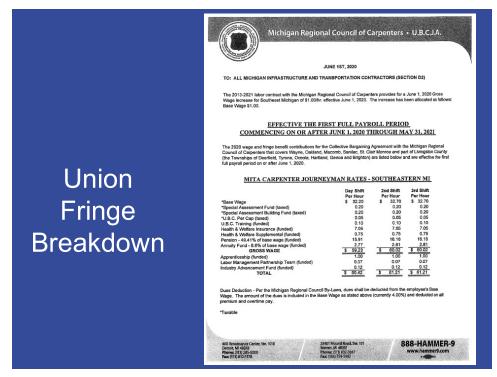


### **Certified Payrolls**

- If fringe benefits are paid into approved programs and plans, a detailed breakdown of the type of benefits and hourly dollar value **must** accompany the first payroll.
- Contractors paying fringe benefits on the check must submit a document under the designation "fringe benefit statement" stating fringes are paid on check.
- Contact information for the fringe benefit plan administrator must also be provided.
  - This document must be maintained during the construction phase of the contract.

101

101



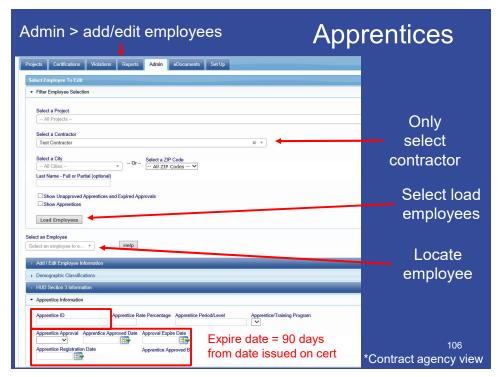
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	ringe	Бег	тені с	5 I	Юċ	1K O	Ю	WI				
_	9								_			
Fringe-2018												
Fillige-2016												
				Hea	alth	Life	1					
Employee	Classification	Hire Date	Vacation pay		ırance	Insurance	Total		Fringe	Paid Into 401K		
Leonard Hofstadter	Operator	04/11/2011	\$ 0.38	\$	4.0375	\$ 0.0144	\$	4.43		S	(4.43)	
Sheldon Cooper	Truck Driver	05/14/2001	\$ 0.81	\$	4.0709	\$ 0.0092	S	4.89		\$	(4.89)	
Howard Wolowitz	Labor	04/15/1996	\$ 0.80	S	5.8468	\$ 0.0098	S	6.66		S	(6.66)	
Raj Koothrappali	Labor	05/14/2008	\$ 0.73	\$	1.8726	\$ 0.0126	S	2.62		\$	(2.62)	
Bernadette Rostenkowski	Operator	08/20/2014	\$ 0.53	\$	8.8354	\$ 0.0126	S	9.38		S	(9.38)	
Amy Farrah Fowler	Pipe Layer	04/30/2008	\$ 0.82	S	1.7078	\$ 0.0126	\$	2.54		S	(2.54)	
Stuart Bloom	Labor	05/18/2016	\$ 0.35	\$	-	\$ 0.0126	\$	0.36		\$	(0.36)	
Debbie Wolowitz	Labor	08/06/2014	\$ 0.35	\$	-	\$ 0.0126	S	0.36		S	(0.36)	
Will Wheaton	Pipe Layer	08/06/2014	\$ 0.35	\$	-	\$ 0.0126	\$	0.36		\$	(0.36)	
***The balance of fringe rat	es are paid into an ap	proved 401K ad	count.									
Health Ins.		Life Ins										
Good Health Network		Live Long Ins	urance									
PO Box 411		PO Box 8500	-3690									
Detroit, MI 48232		Philidelphia, I	PA 19178-3690									
Dental Ins		401K/Profit	Sharing									
Brite Smile Dental		Retire Rich F	unds									
Po Box 230		PO Box 1167										
Kansas City, MO 64121		South Bend,	IN 61130									
****		1-620-793-84	73									
											103	

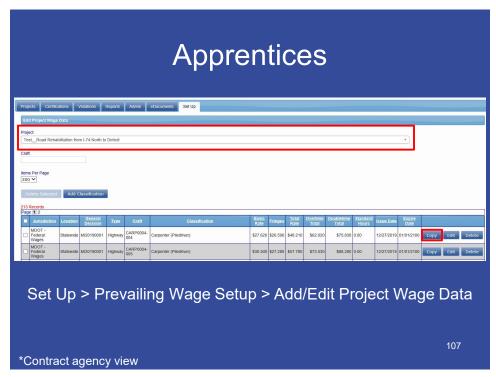
### **Apprentices**

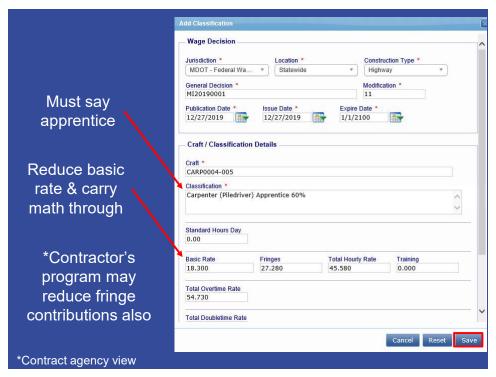
- Only document allowed to be submitted to "all contracts"
- Once one office technician has approved the document all other copies will show as approved
- Apprentices certs are valid for 90 days from issue date
- Enhanced eDocument search function by employee name
- Three step process including approving the document, approving the apprentice and providing a classification

104









# Certified Payrolls

Certified payrolls are required to identify trainees and apprentices, and program levels.

PAYROLL No. 1		FOR WEEK ENDING: 01/04/2020 SUBMITTED ON: January 08, 2020							MOTOR CARRIER PERMIT No.					
NAME, ADDRESS, SSN, DRIVER'S LICENSE, ETHNICITY, GENDER		WORK CLASSIFICATION, LOCATION AND TYPE			1 h	IOURS V	VORKE	D EACH	DAY	TOTAL HOURS	BASE HOURLY RATE			
BRYANT, KOBE Emp_Id: 1212		CARP8004-005 / Carpenter (Piledriver) Apprentice 60% / Type: Highway		12/29/19	12/30/19	12/31/19	1/1/20	1/2/20	1/3/20	1/4/20	TOTAL HOURS THIS	BASE HOURLY RATE		
, XXX-XX-1212	EXEMPT		3	S	М	T	w	TH	F	S	PROJECT	OF PAY		
	FT		s		8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00		40.00	18.30		
AFRICAN AMERICAN 0 States Male WD:			0						2.00		2.00	27.45		
		WD: MI20190001	D	*			*	+		2	*	0.00		
All or Part of Fringes Paid to Employee:												Rate in Lieu of Fringes:		
YES		Voluntary					NU				8	27.28		

109

109

# **Certified Payrolls**

"Owners"

The salary reporting requirements do not apply to bona fide owners if:

- · They are at least 20% EQUITY owner, AND
- They are actively engaged in the management of the enterprise

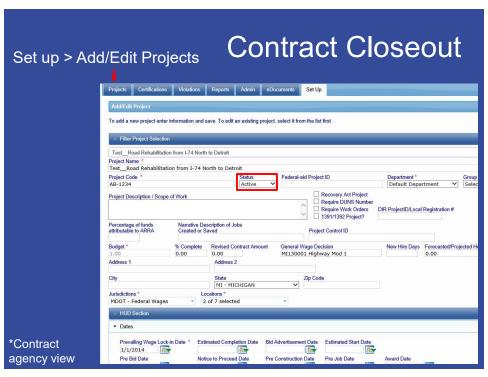


### **Additional Information**

- If you've got <u>new</u> subcontractors send them to the resource email to obtain an account.
- Contractors should only have <u>ONE</u> account setup per company. Access may then be shared via set up > add/edit additional users.
- Contractors using weighted average overtime will need special exceptions but method is allowable.
  - Remarks on payroll should state weighted average is being used.
- Please include project number and other relevant information when contacting the resource email.

111

111



### **Additional Info**

### **Prevailing Wage Forms**

1952 🗎 – Certified Payroll Review Checklist: This form is not required when utilizing LCPtracker. The engineer will review the certified payrolls from the prime contractor and subcontractor(s) to ensure consistency with work performed. The background validation settings in the software are configured to:

- . Disallow certification and submission of incomplete or inaccurate payroll information.
- Require submission of fringe benefit information prior to certifying a payroll.
- Require submission of Apprentice/On the Job Training (OJT) documentation prior to certifying payrolls on which Apprentices/OJTs are included.
- Verify that wages paid meet or exceed required wages based on classification selected.

1954 🗎 - Certified Payroll Status Log: This form is required and will be stored in the project specific construction folder of ProjectWise under 400 - Internal Use Only.

1955 — Contractor's Certified Payroll: This form is not required when utilizing LCPtracker. The intent of MDOT form 1955 is to accompany the prime contractor's submittals of subcontractors certified payrolls to the engineer verifying that certified payrolls are complete as required by the prevailing wage oversight procedures located in the MDOT Construction Manual (Division 1 Section 107). The background validation settings in the software are configured to disallow certification of incomplete certified payroll. The prime approver functionality within LCPtracker will take the place of this form.

1967 🗎 – Jobsite Poster Inspection Checklist: This form is required and will be stored in the project specific construction folder of ProjectWise under 400 – Internal Use Only

1156-T1 D – Wage Rate Interview Sheet Tier 1: This form is required and will be stored in the project specific folder of ProjectWise under 400 – Internal Use Only.

CP-347 D — Certified Payroll: Weekly certified payrolls covering the contractor's and subcontractor's workforce must be submitted via LCPtracker. The submitted payrolls must set out accurately all information required by MDOT form CP-347 with the exception of total hours worked on all projects. Total hours for all projects will not be required as LCPtracker will identify tilwhen a worker has been shown on a payroll in excess of 40 hours in a week, and certification will not occur without paying a premium rate of pay.

 Documents submitted in LCP will be maintained in the system until they've met their retention.

111

113

# Prevailing Wage Compliance 2021

Prevailing Wage Components
Contract Documents
Wage Decisions
Wage Rate Interviews
Overtime
Certified Payrolls

**Truck Drivers** 

Adam Strong Prevailing Wage Compliance Specialist (517) 719-7344 stronga1@michigan.gov



### **Trucking**

There are two scenarios that trucking can fall under DBRA requirements and Certified Payroll may be required:

- Material Delivery (subject to de minimis).
- Construction Site (construction influence area).

115

115

### **Truck Drivers**

### Court of Appeals Ruling:

Drivers of a contractor or subcontractor who come onto the site for a few minutes at a time merely to drop off or pick up construction materials are not covered by the PW Laws if the time spent on the site of work is not more than *de minimis*.

16

### **De Minimis**

De minimis means "of minimum importance". It refers to something that is so small or trivial that law does not consider it.

In material supply trucking, time on site is considered de minims when it is too minor or insignificant to be practically accounted for.

117

117

### De Minimis Rule

If the driver is not working exclusively on the site of work, to be covered by Davis-Bacon, the time spent working on site must be more than *de minimis* (20% or more of the work week).

118

### **Material Delivery**

(subject to the de minimis)

- Sand
- Gravel
- HMA
- Pipe/Manholes/Catch Basins
- Traffic Control
- Other 'Off Site' Originating Material

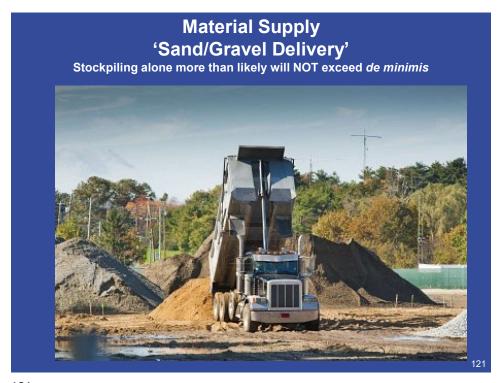
More than likely will not exceed the de minimis.

119

119

### Bona Fide Material Suppliers

- The manufacture and delivery of supply items such as sand, gravel, and ready-mix concrete, when accomplished by bona fide material suppliers operating facilities serving the public in general, are not activities covered by prevailing wage. Such bona fide material suppliers are not considered contractors under the Davis Bacon Act.
- If a supplier undertakes to perform part of a construction contract as a subcontractor, its laborers and mechanics employed at the site of work are covered.



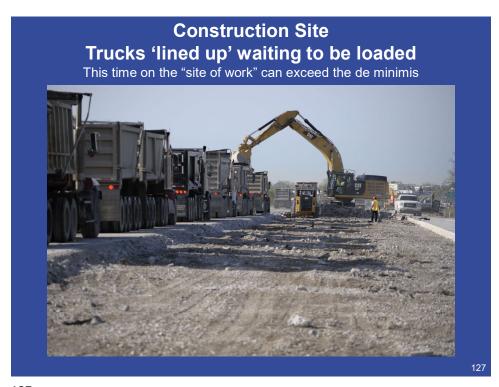














# Trucking Summary

- Truck drivers <u>are covered</u> by Davis Bacon in the following circumstances:
  - Drivers of a contractor or subcontractor for time spent working on the site of work.
  - Drivers of a contractor or subcontractor for time spent loading and/or unloading materials and supplies on the site of work, if such time is not *de minimis*.
  - Truck drivers transporting materials or supplies between a facility that is deemed part of the site of the work and the actual construction site

129

# Trucking Summary

Sites external to the construction influence area may be considered part of the site of work if:

- Dedicated exclusively or nearly so to the contract.
- Adjacent or virtually adjacent to the site of work.





# Trucking Summary

- Truck drivers <u>are not</u> covered in the following instances:
  - While off of the "site of work."
  - While transporting material, tools, supplies, etc., unless such site is dedicated and adjacent.
  - When time spent on the "site of work" is de minimis for pick-up or delivery.
  - The travel time between two Davis-Bacon projects.

131

131

### **Owner Operator Trucking**

- The USDOL has the following enforcement position with respect of bona fide owner-operators of trucks who own and drive their own trucks:
  - The certified payrolls including the names of such owneroperators need not show hours worked nor rates paid, but only the notation "owner-operator".
  - Employees hired by owner-operators are subject to DBRA in the usual manner.
  - This does not apply to owner-operators of other equipment such as bulldozers, backhoes, etc.

```
* TEAM0007-004 06/01/2016
                                                                      AREA 1: ALCONA, ALGER, ALLEGAN, ALPENA, ANTRIM, ARENAC, BARAGA, BARRY, BAY, BENZIE, BERRIEN, BRANCH, CALHOUN, CASS, CHARLEVOIX, CHEBOYGAN, CHIPPEWA, CLARE, CLINTON, CRAWFORD, DELTA, DICKINSON, EATON, EMMET, GLADVIN, GOGEBIC, GRAND TRAVERSE, GRATIOT, HILLSDALE, HOUGHTON, HURON, INGHAM, IONIA, IOSCO, IRON, ISABELLA, JACKSON, KALAWAZOO, KALKASKA, KENT, KEWEENAW, LAKE, LAPEER, LEELANAU, LENAWEE, LUCE, MACKINAC, MANISTEE, MARQUETTE, MASON, MECOSTA, MENOMINEE, MIDLAND, MISSAUKEE, MONTCAIM, MONTMORENCY, MUSKEGON, NEWAYSO, OCEANA, OGEMAW, OMENCALOR, GOGERAL OCCUPANE, DEPROCIE TELE
                                                                        ONTONAGON, OSCECIA, OSCODA, OTSEGO, OTTAWA, PRESQUE ISLE, ROSCOMMON, SAGINAW, SANILAC, SCHOOLCRAFT, SHIAWASSEE, ST. CLAIR, ST. JOSEPH, TUSCOLA, VAN BUREN AND WEXFORD COUNTIES
                                                                        AREA 2: GENESEE, LIVINGSTON, MACOMB, MONROE, OAKLAND, WASHTENAW
     Example of
                                                                        AND WAYNE COUNTIES
   Truck Driver
                                                                                                                                                                                             Fringes
                 Wage
                                                                        TRUCK DRIVER
                                                                                   AREA 1
Euclids, double bottoms
Determination
                                                                                      and lowboys......$ 25.05
Trucks under 8 cu. yds....$ 24.80
Trucks, 8 cu. yds. and
                                                                                    over.....$ 24.90
AREA 2
                                                                                                                                                                                           .50 + a+b
                                                                                      Euclids, double bottomms
                                                                                     Euclids, double bottomms and lowboys......$ 24.895
Euclids, double bottoms and lowboys.......$ 25.15
Trucks under 8 cu. yds....$ 24.90
Trucks, 8 cu. yds. and over.....$ 25.00
                                                                                                                                                                                           .50 + a+b
                                                                                                                                                                                           .50 + a+b
.50 + a+b
                                                                                                                                                                                            .50 + a+b
                                                                       Footnote:
a. $438.45 per week
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           133
```

```
Fringes
                                                          Rates
                         TRUCK DRIVER
                               AREA 1
Euclids, double bottoms
                               and lowboys......$ 25.05
Trucks under 8 cu. yds....$ 24.80
Trucks, 8 cu. yds. and
                                                                        .50 + a+b
.50 + a+b
                               over.....$ 24.90
                              AREA 2
Euclids, double bottomms
                               .50 + a+b
                                                                        .50 + a+b
                                                                        .50 + a+b
Truck Driver
                         Footnote:
                         a. $438.45 per week
b. $61.90 daily
  Example
                         FB Hourly Credit:
                         a. $438.45 / 40 hours = $10.96
                         b. $61.90 / 8 hours = $7.74
                         FB Hourly Credit = $0.50 + $10.96 + $7.74 = $19.20
                         Total Package = $24.90 + $19.20 = $44.10
                                                                                        134
```

### **DBRA**

### Work Week #1 Example for a Typical Truck Driver

Truck is parked at the company yard every night normal rate of \$15.00/hr.

Mon.: 12 hrs.: ½ hr. travel, 11 hr. project (3 hrs. on the "site of work"), ½ travel

Tue.:

Wed.: 11 hrs.:  $\frac{1}{2}$  hr. travel, 10 hr. project (3.5.hrs. on the "site of work"),  $\frac{1}{2}$  travel Thur.: 11 hrs.:  $\frac{1}{2}$  hr. travel, 10 hr. project (2 hrs. on the "site of work"),  $\frac{1}{2}$  travel

Fri.: Sat.:

Total hrs. for the week = 34 hrs.  $(34 \times 0.20 = 6.8)$ 

Reg. = 9 + 7.5 + 9 = 25.5

PW = 3 + 3.5 + 2 = 8.5

Premium = 34 - 40 = -6 (0)

135

135

### **DBRA**

### Work Week #1 Example for a Typical Truck Driver

Week Ending: Employee:	1/28/2017 Bruce Wayne	sh.	20	ļ.		,				th.	di se
		Hourly Rate	Su	M	Tu	W	Th	F	Sa	Total	Earned
	Reg	\$15.00		9		7.5	9			25.5	\$382.50
	PW BHR	\$24.90		3		3.5	2			8.5	\$211.65
	PW FB	\$19.20		3		3.5	2			8.5	\$163.20
	Premium (OT)	-									
		-	0	12	0	11	11	0	0	34	
										Total	\$757.35
20% of w	ork week	6.8									

136

DBRA Work Week #1 Example for a Typical Truck Driver														
Michigan Department Of Transportation			Ν./Ι		110	2 / /	ıD		) A C		ENIT	OF T	DANCI	OOD.
CP-347 (04/10)	CERTIFIED PAYROLL													
	COMPLET	ION	OF	CER	TIFIE	D PA	YRC	LLI	ORI		100	Dist.	UM MDOT P	REVAIL
									l e	In	struct	ions		
(1) NAME OF CONTRACTOR / SUI Batman Trucking	BCONTRACTOR (CIRCLE ONE	)				DDRES 07 N		tain	Dr.					
(3) PAYROLL NO.	(4) FOR WEEK ENDING					PROJEC								
1	1/28/17			L				han	ge li	mprove	ments			
(a)	(b)	(c)	8		(d) D	AY AND	DATE			(e)	(f)	(g)	(h) (i)	(i)
		i	Su	M	Tu	W	Th	F	Sa	i	i	i	GROSS PROJECT	TOTAL
i	i	Type	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	TOTAL	PROJECT	PROJECT RATE OF	EARNED GROSS	WEEKLY
EMPLOYEE INFORMATION	WORK CLASSIFICATION	Hour Ty		HOUF	RS WO	RKED (	N PRO	JECT		ON PROJECT	RATE OF PAY	FRINGE PAY	WEEKLY EARNED	HOURS WORKED ALL JOBS
NAME: Bruce Wayne	TEAM0007-004						î			0			\$374.85	
	Truck Driver 8+	}_								_		55		34
ETH/GEN:W/M ID #: 1234	GROUP/CLASS#: A1	s		3		3.5	2			8.5	\$24.90	\$19.20	\$757.35	
													13	37

# DBRA Work Week #2 Example for a Typical Truck Driver Truck is parked at the company yard every night normal rate of \$15.00/hr. Mon.: 6 hrs.: ½ hr. travel, 5 hrs. project (2 hrs. on the "site of work"), ½ travel Tue.: 8 hrs.: ½ hr. travel, 7 hrs. project (2 hrs. on the "site of work"), ½ travel Wed.: 11 hrs.: ½ hr. travel, 10 hrs. project (4 hrs. on the "site of work"), ½ travel Thur.: 11 hrs.: ½ hr. travel, 10 hrs. project (4 hrs. on the "site of work"), ½ travel Fri.: 9 hrs.: ½ hr. travel, 8 hrs. project (3 hrs. on the "site of work"), ½ travel Sat.: 9 hrs.: ½ hr. travel, 8 hrs. project (3 hrs. on the "site of work"), ½ travel Total hrs. for the week = 54 hrs. (54 x 0.20 = 10.8) Reg. = 4 + 6 + 7 + 7 + 6 + 6 = 36 PW = 2 + 2 + 4 + 4 + 3 + 3 = 18 Premium = 54 - 40 = 14

